

REPORT ON THE DISASTER RELIEF FUND 2019-20

INTRODUCTION

This report gives an account of the operation of the Disaster Relief Fund in 2019-20.

DISASTER RELIEF FUND

2. The Disaster Relief Fund (“the Fund”) was established on 1 December 1993 under the Public Finance Ordinance (“PFO”) to provide a ready mechanism for Hong Kong to respond swiftly to international appeals for humanitarian aid in relief of disasters that occur outside Hong Kong. The Fund is topped up by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (“the HKSAR Government”) at the start of each financial year and, as necessary, during the financial year, depending on calls for relief and the size of the Fund balance and commitments.

3. As in the case of other funds set up under the PFO, the Financial Secretary has been designated as the administrator of the Fund. The Financial Secretary has further delegated the power of administering the Fund to the Director of Administration, including the authority to approve each individual disbursement not exceeding \$8 million. The approval of the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council (“LegCo”) is required for each disbursement exceeding \$8 million. The Fund is audited by the Audit Commission annually and the audited accounts are submitted to LegCo for information^[1].

4. All grants from the Fund are made on the advice of the Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee (“the Committee”), which is chaired by the Chief Secretary for Administration and comprises both official and non-official members. Its terms of reference include providing advice on the policy and practices regarding the disbursement of funds for disaster relief and the size of grants made to specific recipients, and monitoring the use of grants. The membership of the Committee in 2019-20 is at *Annex A*.

^[1] The Director of Audit submits a report on the accounts of the HKSAR Government to LegCo around November every year. The accounts of the Fund are included in the report.

OPERATION OF THE FUND

Guidelines and Conditions for Approving Grants

5. To ensure fair and objective assessment on funding applications, the Committee has devised a set of guidelines and conditions for approving grants. These guidelines and conditions are at *Annex B*. In view of the upward trend in both the number of relief programmes and funding amount approved by the Fund in recent years, for the purpose of enhancing efficiency in approving grants, the Committee reviewed the guidelines for approving relief items in 2019-20. The Committee noted that relief items and/or item prices proposed by some relief organisations were noticeably different from those commonly adopted by other organisations. However, the organisations concerned were not able to provide justifications (e.g. relevant international standards for humanitarian aid, habits of the victims and standards adopted by local governments of the relief areas^[2]). Hence, the Committee decided to further clarify that in approving relief items, apart from the promptness of relief delivery, it would also take into account whether a relief programme could, on the premise that standards or needs for humanitarian aid were met, make the best use of funding resources to provide appropriate assistance to a greater number of victims.

Monitoring the Use of Grants

6. The Committee has adopted the following measures to monitor the use of grants -

- (a) the relief organisation is required to lay down a relief schedule setting out, among other things, the commencement and completion dates of a programme, and report to the Secretariat of the Committee (“the Secretariat”) the critical programme milestones within one month from the respective scheduled dates;

^[2] Relief organisations should draw up their relief programmes according to the standards of humanitarian aid set by their international headquarters or alliances or by making reference to other international standards, and based on the requirements of respective local governments in the relief areas (if applicable).

- (b) if the relief organisation has made specific minor variations to an approved relief programme with its delegated authority^[3], it is required to notify the Committee within one month from the effective date of the variations;
- (c) save for the minor variations mentioned in (b) above, should there be signs of deviation from the approved targets (such as the schedule, relief location and type of relief items), the relief organisation is required to obtain prior approval from the Committee;
- (d) the relief organisation is required to obtain at least three quotations in each procurement exercise to ensure proper use of funding for procuring relief items and the procedures should be conducted in a fair and open manner;
- (e) overheads or other administrative costs of the relief programme borne by the relief organisation should not exceed 5% of the grant or 5% of the total expenditure, whichever is less. Such expenditures should not be used to support the daily operation of the organisation;
- (f) the relief organisation is required to display prominently the message that the relief items are “Funded by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region” or “Funded by the Disaster Relief Fund, Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region”, and provide photographs in the evaluation report as proof of compliance with this requirement;
- (g) the relief organisation is required to submit an evaluation report and an audited account within six months upon completion of the relief programme. The evaluation report submitted should give an overall assessment of the programme targets (including the number of beneficiaries and the time

^[3] Relief organisations are allowed to make minor variations to (including increasing or reshuffling) the number of beneficiaries, quantities of relief items and the budget for individual spending items as authorised, provided that there is no change to the approved grant amount and the total number of beneficences will not be reduced. Any increase in the number of beneficiaries and quantities of relief items should not exceed 20% of their original targets. The level of change for the budget of individual spending items will not be capped.

needed for delivery of emergency relief). The evaluation report and the audited account are examined by the Secretariat before submitting to the Committee for information. The Audit Commission will also inspect the evaluation report and the audited account during the annual audit exercise to ensure that the relief programme is conducted according to the funding requirements; and

- (h) the relief organisation is required to provide information in the application to confirm that it has established a code of conduct, disciplinary procedures, recruitment vetting and reporting system to guard against and handle staff misconduct cases properly. In the event of any incident detrimental to the beneficiaries and the Fund, such as sexual harassment or exploitation, abuse, fraud and improper use of the grant, the organisation shall, within two weeks upon such incident coming to its knowledge, provide a brief report to the Secretariat on, inter alia, the nature of the incident and actions taken.

7. In 2019-20, the Committee also reviewed the measures for monitoring the use of grants. In view of the increasing demand for funding, the Committee decided to implement the following new measures to further enhance monitoring -

- (a) if a relief organisation commits a serious violation of grant conditions, it must submit a concrete improvement proposal in addition to providing explanation of the circumstances; and
- (b) when processing the relief organisation's future funding applications, the Secretariat will make recommendations for the Committee's consideration based on the organisation's non-compliance record in the past three financial years.

GRANTS APPROVAL AND MONITORING WORK IN 2019-20

Processing of Grant Applications

8. In 2019-20, 18 funding applications^[4] (22 in 2018-19) were received from relief organisations and all of them (21 in 2018-19) were approved. During the reporting period, grants totalling \$66.78 million (\$65.58 million in 2018-19) were approved for nine organisations (same as that in 2018-19) to conduct relief programmes in seven geographical regions (six in 2018-19) and the number of beneficiaries was estimated to be around 470 000 (around 430 000 in 2018-19). The nine organisations which successfully applied for funding were Adventist Development and Relief Agency China (Hong Kong) (three cases), Oxfam Hong Kong (three cases), Amity Foundation, Hong Kong (two cases), CEDAR Fund (two cases), Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong (two cases), Plan International Hong Kong (two cases), World Vision Hong Kong (two cases), Hong Kong Red Cross (one case) and Save the Children Hong Kong (one case).

9. A summary of the relief programmes with grants approved is as follows -

<u>Relief programmes for</u>	<u>Grants approved</u> (\$ million)
* cyclone victims in Malawi (one case)	5.29
* cyclone victims in Mozambique (two cases)	11.73
* cyclone victims in Odisha, India (five cases)	16.98
* flood victims in the Mainland of China (one case)	4.54
* flood victims in Nepal (two cases)	4.61
* flood victims in Maharashtra, India (one case)	4.81
* flood victims in Bihar, India (three cases)	14.89
* flood victims in Bangladesh (one case)	1.64
* typhoon victims in the Philippines (two cases)	2.29

^[4] No application was received under the Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications in 2019-20.

Of the programmes approved, 55.56% (ten cases) were for the relief of cyclone or typhoon victims and 44.44% (eight cases) were for the relief of flood victims. Of the grants approved, 67.71% (\$45.22 million) were used for relief programmes in Asia (apart from the Mainland of China), 25.49% (\$17.02 million) were used for relief programmes in Africa and the remaining 6.80% (\$4.54 million) were used for a relief programme in the Mainland of China. A list of programmes with approved grants, related photographs and statistics are at *Annex C*.

Application Processing Time

10. Grants are made from the Fund to provide swift response to international appeals for humanitarian aid for relief to disasters that occur outside Hong Kong. From receipt of full information from the applicant to giving notification of the result, the target time for processing an application by the Secretariat is within 12 working days. In 2019-20, all applications were processed within the target timeline. The average processing time of the 18 applications was eight working days.

Processing Applications for Programme Variations

11. From receipt of full information from the applicant to giving notification of the result, the target processing time is within eight working days for a major variation application and within three working days for a minor variation application. In 2019-20, apart from 13 notifications of minor variations effected by relief organisations themselves under their delegated authority, the Committee received two major variation and 13 minor variation applications. All such applications were processed within the target timeline. The average processing time of the two major variation applications was six working days, while that for the 13 minor variation applications was one working day. Since the designated purpose of the grant remained unchanged and the variations were justifiable, all such applications were approved. Of the 13 minor variation cases handled by the organisations under delegated authority, all fulfilled the requirement of not exceeding the 20% variation limit.

Evaluation Reports and Audited Accounts from Grant Recipients

12. The Secretariat received and examined a total of 22 evaluation reports with their audited accounts due for submission in 2019-20 (including 17 reports on grants approved in 2018-19), and then submitted them to the Committee for information. All these reports were accepted for having met the prescribed targets^[5] as follows -

- (a) use of grants – all grants were used for the approved purposes and in compliance with the condition that not more than 5% of an individual grant or total expenditure (whichever is less) should be used to cover overheads or other administrative costs. Among the 22 completed relief programmes, 18 recorded a balance of unused grants totalling about \$4.03 million which was returned to the Fund;
- (b) number of beneficiaries – all these 22 relief programmes achieved the target number of beneficiaries^[5] and provided emergency relief to some 520 000 victims in aggregate. The relief items received by the beneficiaries under these programmes included food (such as rice, flour, cooking oil, beans, seasonings, canned food, biscuits and drinking water), blankets/quilts, floor mats/sleeping mats, mosquito nets, kitchenware, lighting tools, water filters, water purification tablets, oral rehydration salts, hygiene items, household items, clothing, education kits, emergency classroom kits, temporary shelter materials and tools as well as mobile toilets; and
- (c) timely completion of the programmes – all relief programmes were delivered according to the approved schedules^[6].

The annual audit of the Fund conducted by the Audit Commission included auditing the accounts and operation of the Fund as well as these reports. All the evaluation reports and audited accounts had been duly completed in accordance with the funding requirements. The audited accounts had also passed the Audit Commission's annual inspection.

^[5] Including the targets prescribed in the guidelines and conditions for the approved grants, which were subsequently revised according to the prevailing mechanism due to changes in circumstances.

^[6] Including revised targets subsequently approved.

13. With regard to programmes approved in 2019-20 with evaluation reports and audited accounts due for submission in 2020-21, the Secretariat will closely monitor the situation and thoroughly examine the relevant documents on receipt before submitting them to the Committee for information. The outcome of such examination will be stated in the next annual report of the Fund.

GRANTS APPROVED SINCE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FUND

Summary

14. From the establishment of the Fund to 31 March 2020, the Committee received a cumulative total of 523 applications by relief organisations for grants from the Fund. Of this total, 437 (83.56%) applications for grants amounting to \$1,089.7 million were approved. For the remaining 86 applications, 61 (11.66%) were rejected for non-compliance with the guidelines for grants and 25 (4.78%) withdrawn by the organisations. In addition, 22 grants amounting to \$994.82 million were made to governments outside Hong Kong. In overall terms, 18 organisations and nine governments/authorities had received grants totalling \$2,084.52 million from the Fund. The beneficiaries were mostly victims of floods, earthquakes/tsunamis, typhoons/cyclones/hurricanes and droughts/famines. Relevant information and statistics are set out in the ensuing paragraphs.

15. Given the upward trend in both the number of approved applications and funding amount in respect of grants allocated to relief organisations, the annual appropriation of the Fund had been increased from \$50 million on its establishment to \$80 million in 2016-17 and further up to \$100 million in 2019-20.

Distribution of Grants by Recipient

16. Among the 18 relief organisations receiving grants from the Fund, World Vision Hong Kong, Oxfam Hong Kong, The Salvation Army, Amity Foundation, Hong Kong and Hong Kong Red Cross were the top five recipients, with approved grants totalling \$836.41 million, which accounted for 40.12% of the total grants approved by the Fund. Statistics on the distribution of grants by recipient are at *Annex D*.

Distribution of Grants by Beneficiary Geographical Region

17. Since the establishment of the Fund, the beneficiary geographical regions in order of cumulative grant amounts disbursed are the Mainland of China, other places in Asia, Africa, Latin America, Oceania and Europe. Statistics on the distribution of grants by beneficiary geographical region are at *Annex E*.

Distribution of Grants by Nature of Disaster

18. Of the programmes approved on the advice of the Committee, 36.38% (167 cases) were for the relief of flood victims; 30.07% (138 cases) for earthquake/tsunami victims; 15.03% (69 cases) for typhoon/cyclone/hurricane victims; 10.68% (49 cases) for drought/famine victims; 5.01% (23 cases) for snowstorm victims; and 2.83% (13 cases) for victims of other disasters. Statistics on the distribution of grants by nature of disaster are at *Annex F*.

**Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee Secretariat
December 2020**

Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee
Membership in 2019-20
2019-20 年度賑災基金諮詢委員會
成員名單

Chairman 主席

Chief Secretary for Administration) *ex-officio*
政務司司長) 當然委任

Members 委員

Executive Council Members 行政會議成員

The Honourable IP Kwok-him, GBM, GBS, JP
葉國謙議員, 大紫荊勳賢, GBS, JP

Dr the Honourable LAM Ching-choi, SBS, JP
林正財議員, SBS, JP

Legislative Council Members 立法會成員

Dr the Honourable Helena WONG Pik-wan
黃碧雲議員

The Honourable Kenneth LAU Ip-keung, BBS, MH, JP
劉業強議員, BBS, MH, JP

Other Members 其他成員

Dr TIK Chi-yuen, SBS, JP
狄志遠博士, SBS, JP

Mrs Ann KUNG YEUNG Yun-chi
龔楊恩慈女士

Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury or
representative) *ex-officio*
財經事務及庫務局局長或代表) 當然委任

Secretary for Labour and Welfare or representative
勞工及福利局局長或代表

) *ex-officio*
) 當然委任

Secretary 秘書

Chief Executive Officer (Administration)1 / Administration Wing
總行政主任(行政)1 / 行政署

**Guidelines for Grants from the Disaster Relief Fund
(March 2016)**

I. Coverage

- (1) Grants should only be made in cases of a specific disaster¹, not an on-going problem².
- (2) Grants should only be made in cases of disasters of such nature and scale that stimulate a response by the international community.
- (3) The relief support should be confined to time-critical response in the emergency context.

II. Assessment of Proposals

- (4) Grants should be made in response to-
 - (a) an appeal made to the international community by a government or a relief organisation for disaster relief aid in the country or locality concerned; or
 - (b) an application submitted by a locally registered relief organisation³ for a disaster relief project being or to be carried out by the organisation. Retroactive funding is not supported.
- (5) The appeal/application should be based on humanitarian grounds. Political considerations will not be taken into account.
- (6) The appeal/application should have received a measure of public support in Hong Kong.
- (7) Any application by a relief organisation should be supported by a proposal outlining the nature and scale of the aid project, the number and type of beneficiaries and the size of grant required.

¹ Including natural disasters and non-natural catastrophes, e.g. explosion of nuclear/chemical facilities and terrorist attacks causing substantial damages and casualties.

² Such as refugee problems, wars or post-disaster rehabilitation/reconstruction.

³ The relief organisation should be a charitable organisation exempted from tax under Section 88 of the Inland Revenue Ordinance, Cap. 112.

- (8) The relief organisation should have demonstrated a sound track record in providing similar types of disaster relief services and activities.
- (9) The size of the grant should be sufficient to make an impact.
- (10) When there is more than one application of a similar nature and for the same disaster, regard should be given to the likely number of beneficiaries, the promptness with which the relief may be provided and the nature of the relief to be provided.

III. Conditions of Grant

- (11) Individual grants should take the form of one-off cash payments.
- (12) The grant should be given to the government concerned or to a reputable relief organisation in the field.
- (13) Up to 5% of the grant may be used to cover overheads or other administrative costs. The rest should be spent entirely on disaster relief services and activities.
- (14) The government/relief organisation concerned should be required to submit an evaluation report and/or an audited account as appropriate to the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region on the use of the grant within a specified period.

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
GRANTS APPROVED IN 2019-20

賑災基金
2019-20年度批出款項

	Applicant 申請機構	Date of Approval 撥款日期	Beneficiaries 受惠人士	Nature of Programme 項目內容	Relief Areas 賑災地區	Grant Approved 批出款項 (\$million 百萬元) <i>Rounded to two decimal places</i> 約至小數點後兩個位
1	Oxfam Hong Kong 樂施會	11.4.2019	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Household kits, hygiene kits and food kits 家庭用品包、衛生包及糧食包	Malawi 馬拉維	5.29
2	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	17.5.2019	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Temporary latrine kits 臨時廁所套件	Mozambique 莫桑比克	5.08
3	Oxfam Hong Kong 樂施會	17.5.2019	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Hygiene kits, household kits, tarpaulins, temporary latrine kits and latrine cleaning kits 衛生包、家庭用品包、防水帆布、臨時廁所套件及廁所清潔用品包	Mozambique 莫桑比克	6.65
4	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	20.6.2019	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Food kits, household kits, hygiene kits and shelter kits 糧食包、家庭用品包、衛生包及臨時居所包	India - Odisha 印度 - 奧里薩邦	5.47
5	Adventist Development and Relief Agency China (Hong Kong) 安澤中國(香港)救援協會	4.7.2019	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Household & shelter kits and hygiene kits 家庭用品及臨時居所包和衛生包	India - Odisha 印度 - 奧里薩邦	1.49
6	Save the Children Hong Kong 香港救助兒童會	4.7.2019	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Household & shelter kits, hygiene kits, kitchen kits and education kits 家庭用品及臨時居所包、衛生包、廚具包和學習用品包	India - Odisha 印度 - 奧里薩邦	2.52
7	Plan International Hong Kong 國際培幼會(香港)	4.7.2019	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Household & shelter kits, water kits, kitchen kits and hygiene kits 家庭用品及臨時居所包、食水包、廚具包和衛生包	India - Odisha 印度 - 奧里薩邦	3.02
8	Amity Foundation, Hong Kong 愛德基金會(香港)	19.7.2019	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice, cooking oil, quilts and hygiene kits 食米、食用油、棉被及衛生包	The Mainland of China - Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region and Jiangxi Province 中國內地 - 廣西壯族自治區及江西	4.54
9	Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong 香港仁人家園	24.7.2019	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Shelter kits, household kits and hygiene kits 臨時居所包、家庭用品包及衛生包	India - Odisha 印度 - 奧里薩邦	4.48
10	Amity Foundation, Hong Kong 愛德基金會(香港)	20.8.2019	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice, lentils, tarpaulins, solar lights and hygiene kits 食米、扁豆、防水帆布、太陽能燈及衛生包	Nepal 尼泊爾	3.01
11	CEDAR Fund 施達基金會	5.9.2019	Flood victims 水災災民	Food kits, household kits and hygiene kits 糧食包、家庭用品包及衛生包	India - Maharashtra 印度 - 馬哈拉施特拉邦	4.81
12	Adventist Development and Relief Agency China (Hong Kong) 安澤中國(香港)救援協會	12.9.2019	Flood victims 水災災民	Food kits and bedding kits 糧食包及寢具包	Nepal 尼泊爾	1.60
13	Hong Kong Red Cross 香港紅十字會	25.9.2019	Flood victims 水災災民	Shelter tool kits and hygiene kits 臨時居所工具包及衛生包	Bangladesh 孟加拉	1.64
14	CEDAR Fund 施達基金會	7.11.2019	Flood victims 水災災民	Food kits, household kits and hygiene kits 糧食包、家庭用品包及衛生包	India - Bihar 印度 - 比哈爾邦	5.28
15	Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong 香港仁人家園	29.11.2019	Flood victims 水災災民	Shelter kits, household kits and hygiene kits 臨時居所包、家庭用品包及衛生包	India - Bihar 印度 - 比哈爾邦	5.11

	Applicant 申請機構	Date of Approval 撥款日期	Beneficiaries 受惠人士	Nature of Programme 項目內容	Relief Areas 賑災地區	Grant Approved 批出款項 (\$million 百萬元) Rounded to two decimal places 約至小數點後兩個位
16	Plan International Hong Kong 國際培幼會(香港)	29.11.2019	Flood victims 水災災民	Household & shelter kits, water kits, kitchen kits and hygiene kits 家庭用品及臨時居所包、食水包、廚具包和 衛生包	India - Bihar 印度 - 比哈爾邦	4.50
17	Adventist Development and Relief Agency China (Hong Kong) 安澤中國(香港)救援協會	12.2.2020	Typhoon victims 風災災民	Hygiene & shelter kits 衛生及臨時居所包	The Philippines 菲律賓	0.77
18	Oxfam Hong Kong 樂施會	12.2.2020	Typhoon victims 風災災民	Household kits and hygiene kits 家庭用品包及衛生包	The Philippines 菲律賓	1.52
					Grand Total 總數	66.78

**DISASTER RELIEF FUND
PHOTOGRAPHS OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED IN 2019-20**

**賑災基金
2019-20 年度獲撥款賑災計劃的相片**

Cyclone in Malawi 馬拉維風災



Beneficiaries lined up in an orderly manner to collect relief items, including household kits, hygiene kits and food kits.
受惠災民有秩序地領取救援物資，包括家庭用品包、衛生包及糧食包。



The relief organisation interviewed beneficiaries. They were thankful to receive the relief items.
救援機構人員訪問受惠災民，災民感激獲派發救援物資。

Cyclone in Mozambique 莫桑比克風災

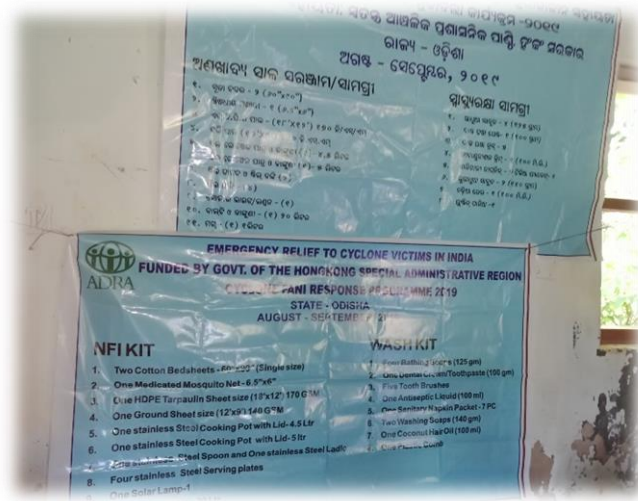


Beneficiaries used the materials and tools distributed by relief organisations to build temporary latrines to improve the hygiene situation in the affected area.
受惠災民運用救援機構派發的物料及工具搭建臨時廁所，改善災區的衛生情況。



Apart from temporary latrine kits and tools, beneficiaries also received household and hygiene items.
除了臨時廁所套件及工具，受惠災民亦獲派發家庭及衛生用品。

Cyclone in Odisha, India 印度奧里薩邦風災



In order to let beneficiaries understand the contents of the relief kits, the relief organisation displayed a relief item list at the distribution site.
救援機構在物資派發地點張示救援物資清單，讓受惠災民了解物資包的內容。



Beneficiaries received relief items which included rice, cooking oil, soaps, buckets, kitchen utensils, ground sheet and tarpaulins etc.
受惠災民獲派發食米、食用油、肥皂、水桶、廚具、地墊及防水帆布等救援物資。



With education kits which included exercise books, pencils, sharpener, eraser, ruler and backpack etc, children could participate in learning and social activities and receive appropriate psychosocial support.
學習用品包內有練習簿、鉛筆、鉛筆刨、橡皮、尺子及書包等物資，可讓受災兒童透過參與學習和社交活動得到適當的心理社會支援。

Flood in the Mainland of China 中國內地水災



The relief organisation posted up a list of beneficiaries at the affected area before distribution.
Beneficiaries received rice, cooking oil, quilts and hygiene items.
救援機構在派發救援物資前於災區張示受惠名單。
受惠災民獲派發食米、食用油、棉被及衛生用品。



The relief organisation interviewed beneficiaries after distribution of relief items to collect feedback.
救援機構在救援物資派發完成後訪問受惠災民，收集意見。

Flood in Nepal 尼泊爾水災



The relief organisation verified the identity of beneficiaries before distributing relief items.
在派發救援物資前，救援機構為受惠災民核實身分。



The relief organisation displayed a banner at the distribution site to acknowledge the funding support from the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.
救援機構在救援物資派發地點張示橫額，展示有關物資由香港特別行政區政府資助。

Flood in Maharashtra, India 印度馬哈拉施特拉邦水災



The staff of the relief organisation from Hong Kong travelled to the affected area to monitor the packing of relief items.

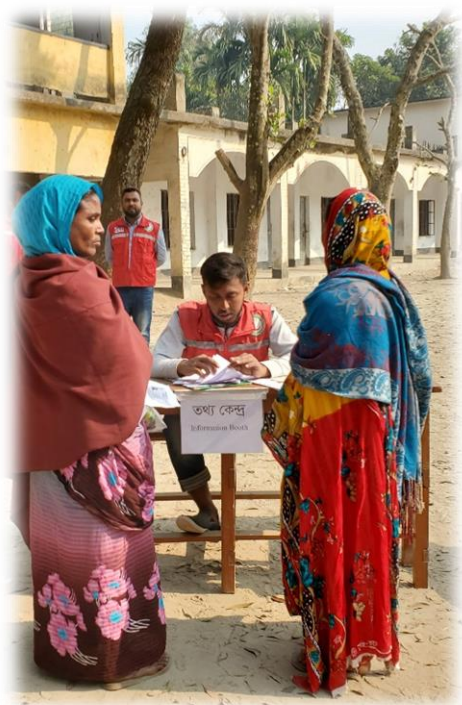
駐港救援機構人員前往災區視察救援物資的包裝工作。



The staff of the relief organisation from Hong Kong inspected the quality of relief items.

駐港救援機構人員檢查救援物資的質素。

Flood in Bangladesh 孟加拉水災



An information desk was set up at the distribution site to provide assistance to beneficiaries.

Beneficiaries could also put their comments in the collection box.

救援機構在救援物資派發地點設立詢問處，為受惠災民提供協助。

受惠災民亦可以把意見放入收集箱。



Beneficiaries were briefed on the use of personal hygiene items by the relief organisation.

救援機構向受惠災民簡介個人衛生用品的使用方法。

Flood in Bihar, India 印度比哈爾邦水災



The relief organisation briefed beneficiaries on the contents of the relief kit.
救援機構向受惠災民簡介救援物資包的內容。



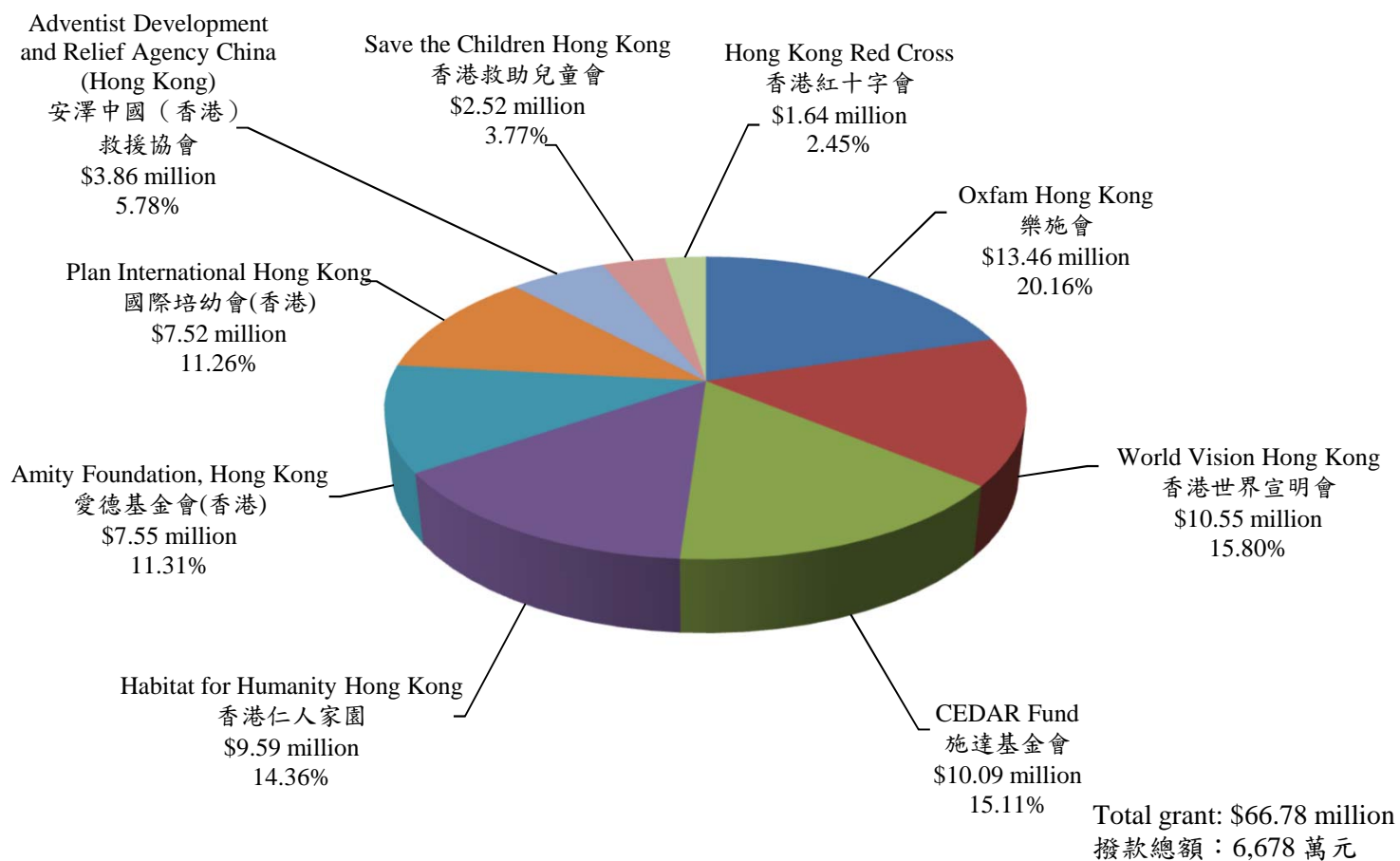
Relief items in use. They included water filter, mosquito net,
bed sheet, blanket and plastic mat.
受惠災民使用獲派發的救援物資，包括濾水器、蚊帳、床單、毛氈及防水墊。

Typhoon in the Philippines 菲律賓風災



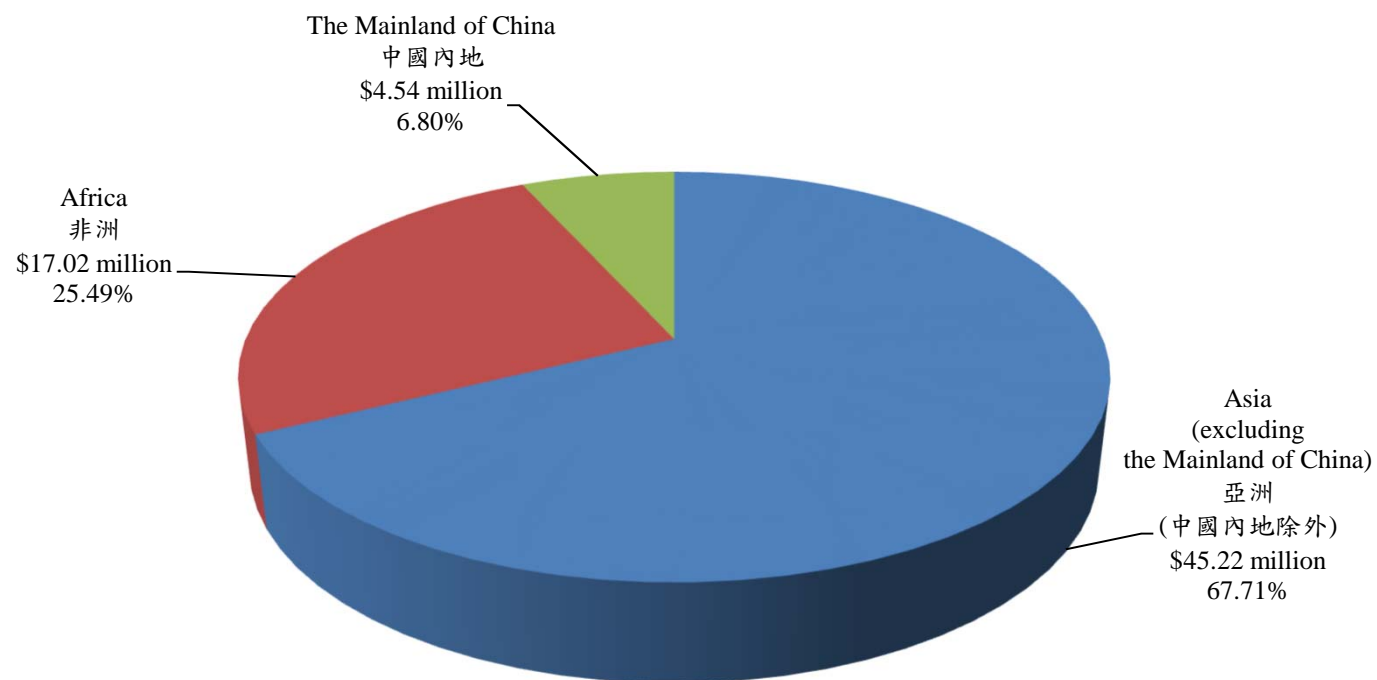
During the COVID-19 pandemic, briefing and distribution of relief items had to be conducted with proper social distancing and precautionary measures.
在 2019 冠狀病毒病疫情期間，救援機構在簡介及派發救援物資時，需實行社交距離及防疫措施。

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS BY RECIPIENT IN 2019-20
 賑災基金
 2019-20度按獲撥款機構劃分的撥款



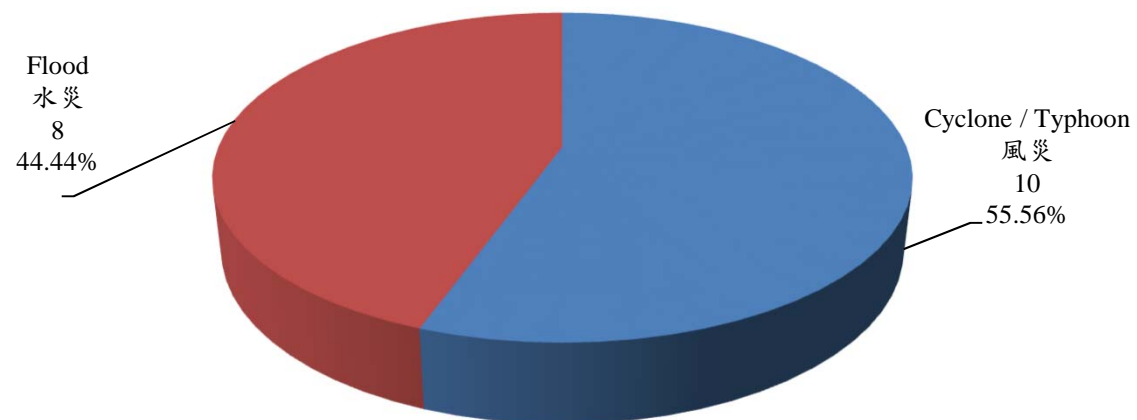
DISASTER RELIEF FUND
DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS IN 2019-20

賑災基金
2019-20年度按受助地區劃分的撥款



Total grant: \$66.78 million
撥款總額：6,678 萬元

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
NUMBER OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED BY NATURE OF DISASTER IN 2019-20
賑災基金
2019-20年度按災禍類別劃分的撥款

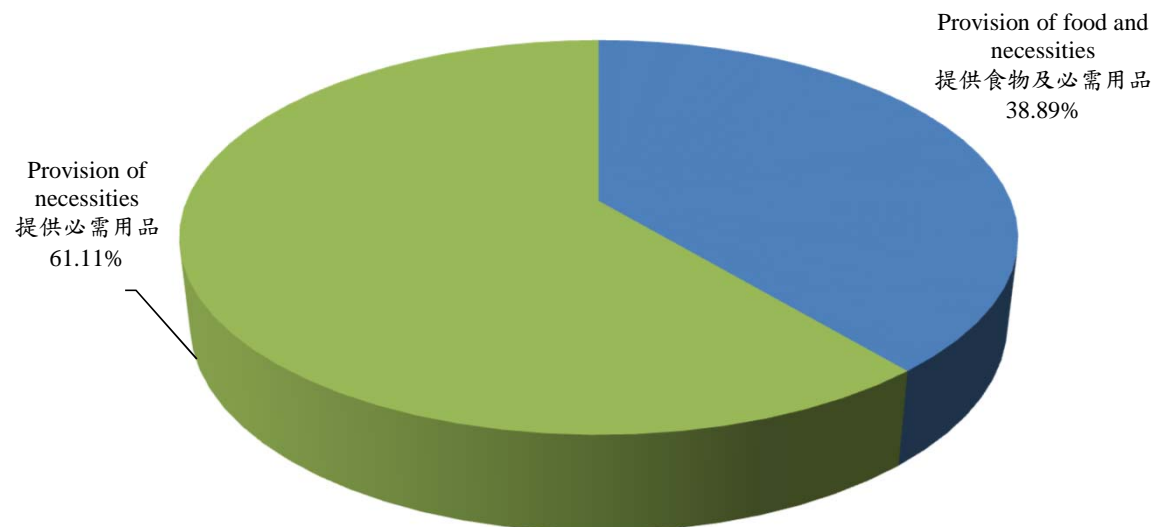


Total number of grants 撥款項目總數：18

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
NATURE OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED IN 2019-20

賑災基金

2019-20年度獲撥款賑災計劃的項目內容



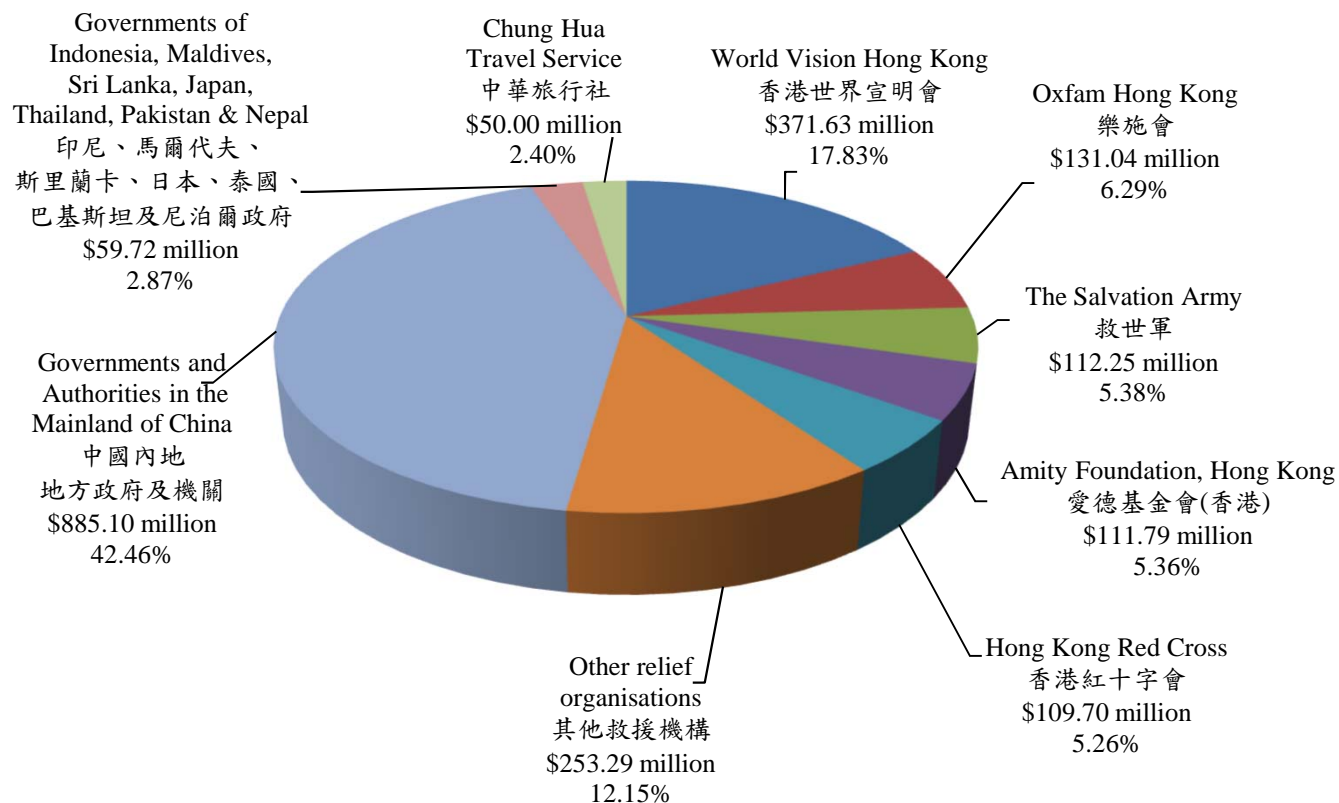
Total number of grants 撥款項目總數：18

Food items include rice, flour, corn soya blend, cooking oil, beans, dried fish, sugar and salt etc.
食物包括食米、麵粉、玉米大豆混合粉、食用油、豆、魚乾、糖及鹽等。

Necessities include tarpaulins, ground sheets, mosquito nets, quilts, clothing, bedding items, hygiene items, household items, kitchen utensils, disinfection items, oral rehydration salts, water filters, water purification materials, temporary latrine kits, education kits, as well as temporary shelter materials and tools, etc.
必需用品包括防水帆布、地墊、蚊帳、棉被、衣服、寢具用品、衛生用品、家庭用品、廚具、消毒用品、口服補液鹽、濾水器、淨水物資、臨時廁所套件、學習用品包，以及搭建臨時居所的物料和工具等。

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS BY RECIPIENT SINCE ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND
(AS AT 31 March 2020)

賑災基金
 自基金成立以來按獲撥款機構／政府劃分的撥款
 (截至2020年3月31日)



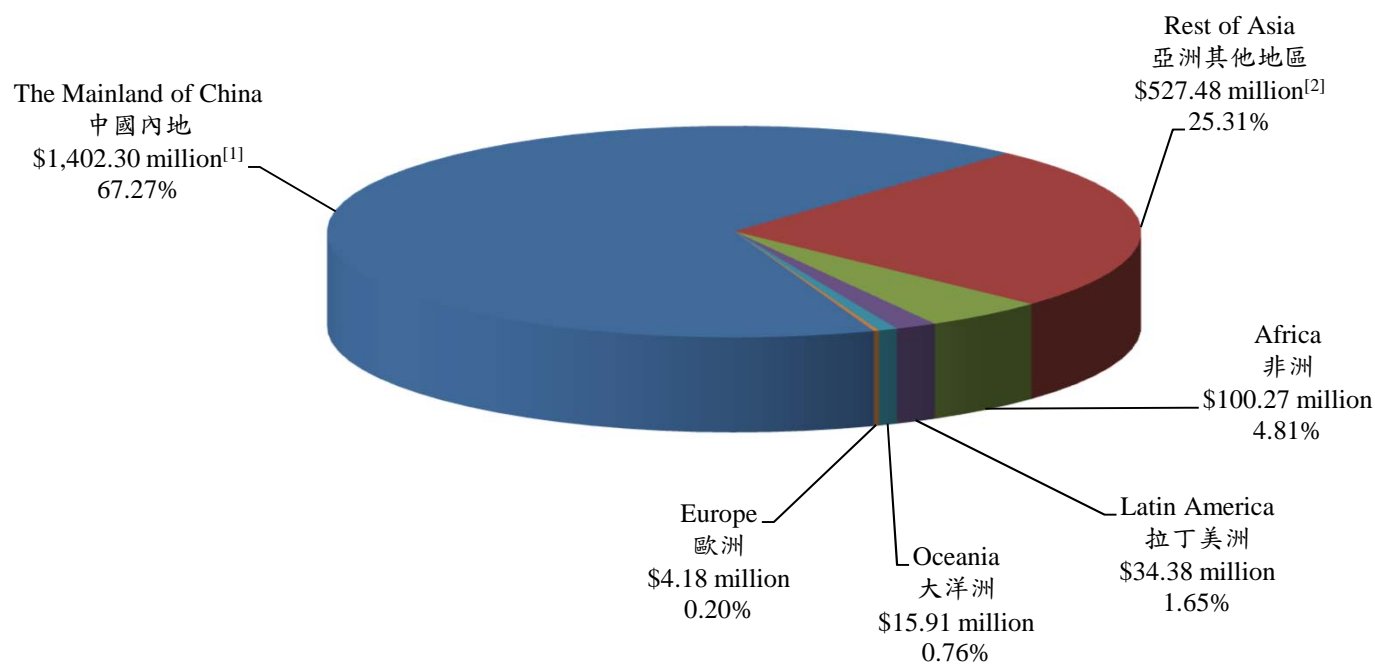
* The other relief organisations are Adventist Development and Relief Agency China (Hong Kong), The Association of Chinese Evangelical Ministry, CEDAR Fund, CSDCU Education Fund, Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong, Hong Kong Committee for United Nations Children's Fund, Jian Hua Foundation, Medecins Sans Frontieres, Mercy Corps, Operation Blessing Hong Kong, Plan International Hong Kong, Save the Children Hong Kong and Social Workers Across Borders.

*其他救援機構包括安澤中國(香港)救援協會、中國福音事工促進會、施達基金會、懲教社教育基金、香港仁人家園、聯合國兒童基金香港委員會、建華基金會、無國界醫生、國際美慈組織、慈福行動、國際培幼會(香港)、香港救助兒童會及無國界社工。

Total grant: \$2,084.52 million
 撥款總額：20.8452 億元

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS
SINCE ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND
(AS AT 31 March 2020)

賑災基金
 自基金成立以來接受助地區劃分的撥款
 (截至2020年3月31日)



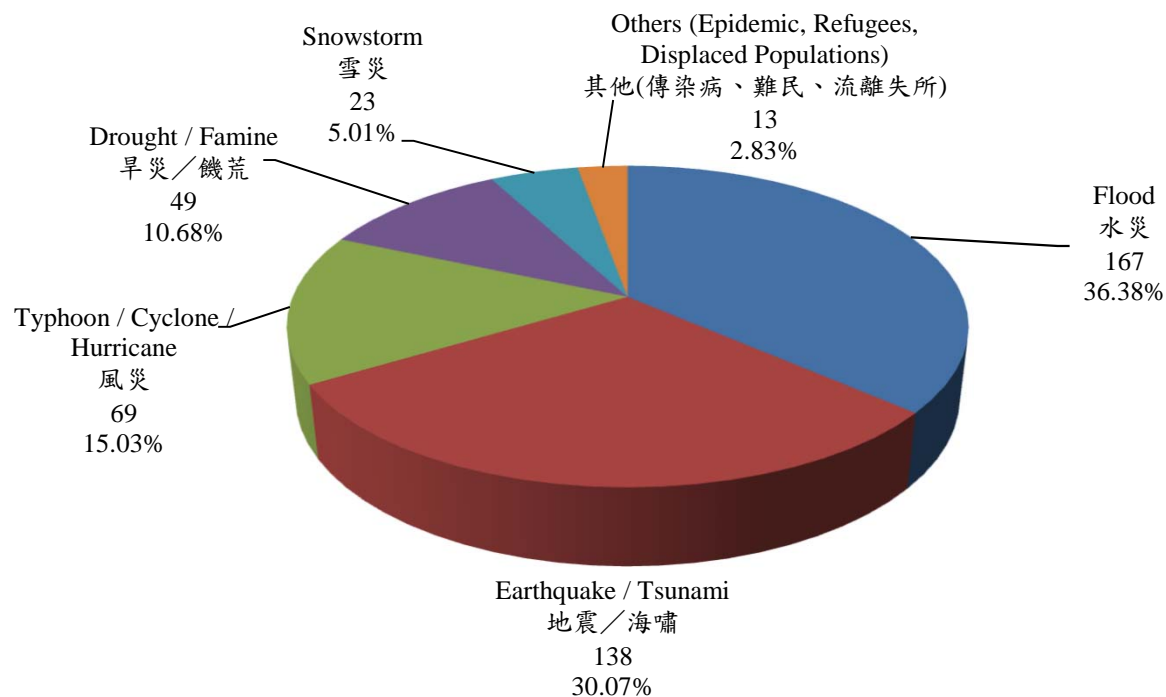
^[1] Including \$885.10 million grants to governments and authorities in the Mainland of China.
 包括8.8510億元給予中國內地地方政府及機關的撥款。

^[2] Including \$109.72 million grants to governments and authorities in the rest of Asia.
 包括1.0972億元給予亞洲其他地區政府及機關的撥款。

Total grant: \$2,084.52million
 撥款總額：20.8452億元

**DISASTER RELIEF FUND
NUMBER OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED BY NATURE OF DISASTER
SINCE ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND
(AS AT 31 MARCH 2020)**

**賑災基金
自基金成立以來按災禍類別劃分的撥款
(截至2020年3月31日)**



Total number of grants 撥款項目總數：459